

SAINT 2016

# Thermosphere Technologie: Thermoablation wird erwachsen

PD Dr. Philipp Wiggermann





# Radiofrequency (thermal) ablation versus no intervention or other interventions for hepatocellular carcinoma (Review)

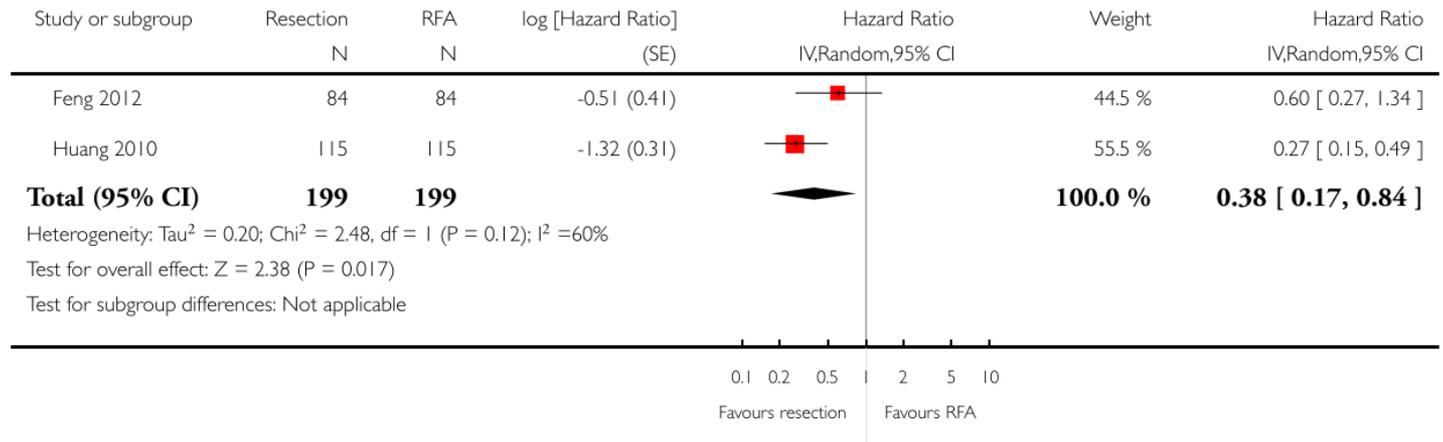
Weis S, Franke A, Mössner J, Jakobsen JC, Schoppmeyer K

## Analysis 2.2. Comparison 2 Two-year survival, Outcome 2 Resection versus RFA, low risk of bias trials.

Review: Radiofrequency (thermal) ablation versus no intervention or other interventions for hepatocellular carcinoma

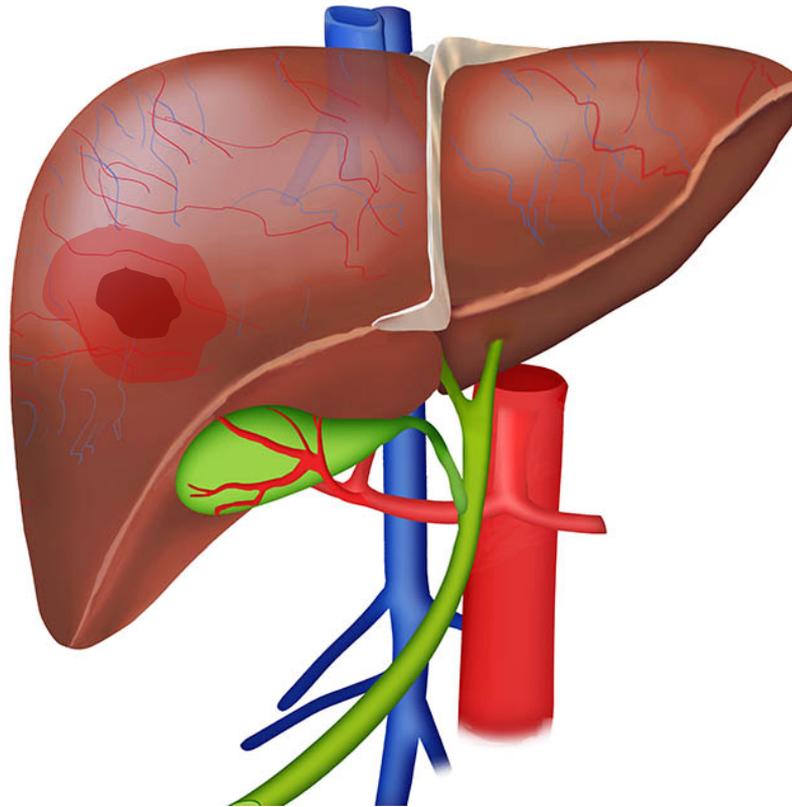
Comparison: 2 Two-year survival

Outcome: 2 Resection versus RFA, low risk of bias trials



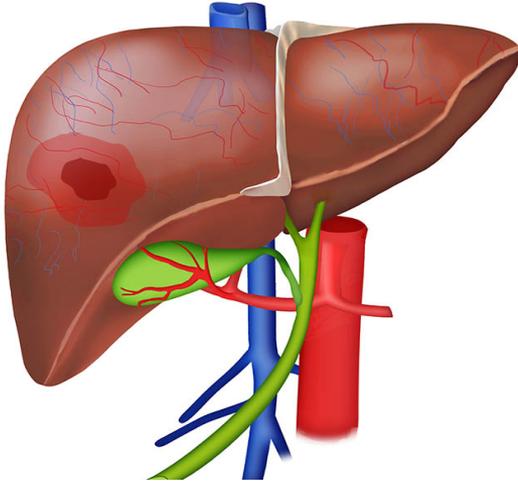
# AIM

GOAL A0



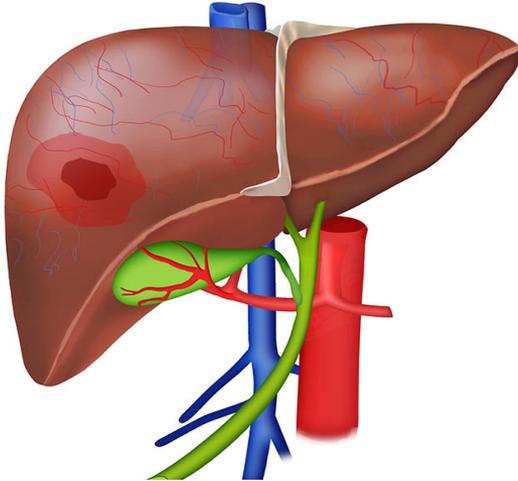
Quelle: [http://www.normamed.com/fileadmin/public/images/leber\\_original.jpg](http://www.normamed.com/fileadmin/public/images/leber_original.jpg)

# A0 - Ablation



Planning  
Simulation  
Correct Ablation

# A0 - Ablation



## Planning

plan trajectory

## Simulation

simulate ablation volume

## Correct Ablation

precise predictable

# Planning

COVIDIEN Patient Poisson Tyson ID 434873844 Snapshot Exit

MIP Single Slice 3D Axial Sagittal Coronal

Axial MIP CT - Nov 09 2012 07:50 AM  
Plan - Jun 03 2015 08:35 AM

Axial MIP CT - Nov 09 2012 07:50 AM  
Plan - Jun 03 2015 08:35 AM

Name	Target 1
Width (x)	2.5 cm
Height (y)	2.1 cm
Depth (z)	2.4 cm
Density (Av)	114 HU
Density (StdDev)	27 HU
Power	100 W
Time	08:30 MMSS
Diameter	4.0 cm
Margin (Min)	0.8 cm
Margin (Max)	0.9 cm

R L R L

Load Images Compare Export

Compare Version 1.1 Network Disconnected Power Plugged in June 03, 2015 8:36 AM

# Planning

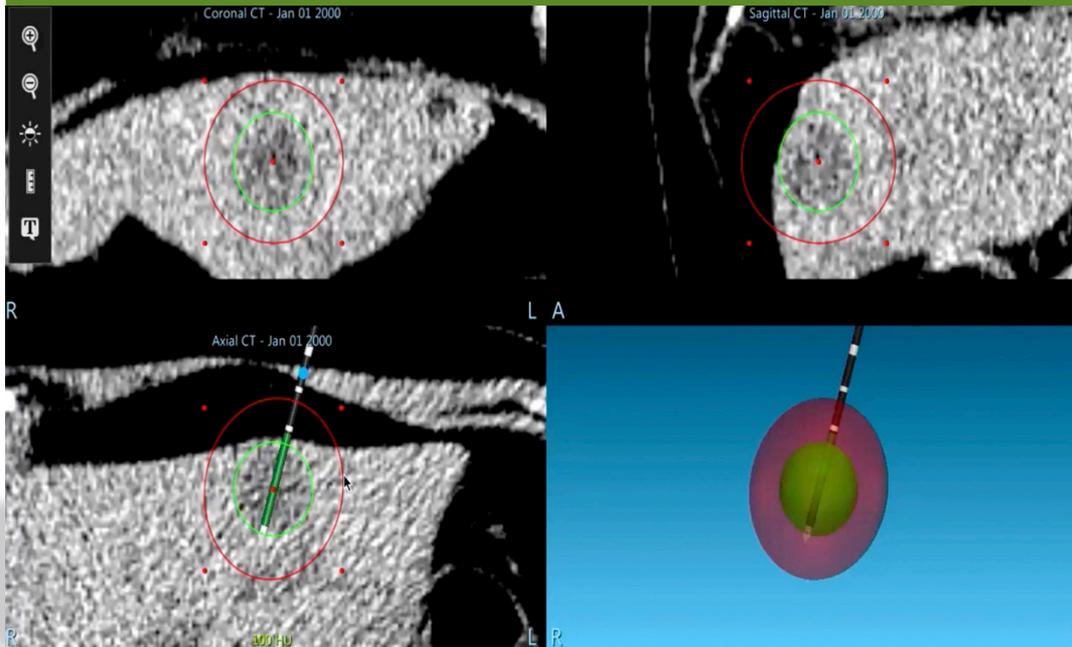
Load Patient Images

Add Targets

Export

## Trajectory Planning

## Ablation Zone Planning



Zone Chart

Liver (ex vivo)

Power

100 W

Time

03:00 MM:SS

Width (x) 2.9 cm

Height (y) 3.2 cm

Volume 13.72 cm<sup>3</sup>

Min Margin 0.2 cm

Max Margin 0.5 cm

# Simulation

The screenshot displays the COVIDIEN Lung Ablation Planning software interface. The top bar shows the patient information: "Patient UNAVAILABLE ID LIDC-IDRF-0003". The interface is divided into a control panel on the left and a main visualization area on the right.

**Control Panel (Left):**

- Visualize:** Target 1
- Zone Chart:** Lung (ex vivo)
- Power:** 100 W
- Time:** 10:00 MM:SS
- Ablation Diameter:** 3.7 cm
- Min Margin:** 0.6 cm
- Max Margin:** 0.8 cm
- Needle:** Emprint 15 cm
- Insertion Depth:** 15.5 cm
- Buttons:** Delete Ablation Zone

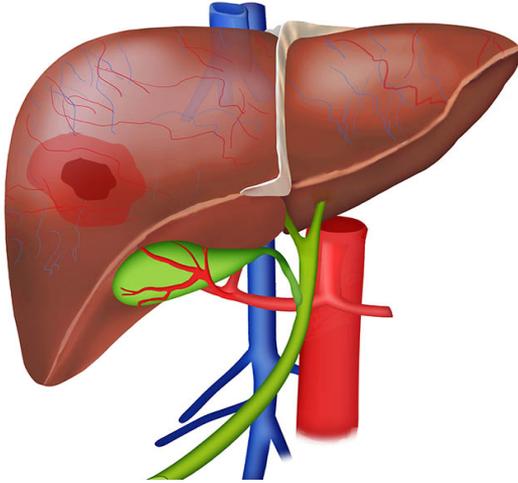
**Main Visualization Area (Right):**

- Navigation:** MIP, Single Slice, Multi-Plane (selected), 3D
- Top Left:** Coronal CT - Jan 01 2000. Shows a target (red dot) with a green circle (ablation zone) and a red circle (margin). A value of -782 HU is displayed.
- Top Right:** Sagittal CT - Jan 01 2000. Shows the same target and ablation zone in a sagittal view.
- Bottom Left:** Axial CT - Jan 01 2000. Shows the target and ablation zone in an axial view.
- Bottom Right:** 4 cm Cube. Shows a 3D visualization of the ablation zone as a red wireframe cube.

**Bottom Bar:**

- Progress:** Load Images, Add Targets, Add Ablation Zones (active), Export
- Status:** Lung Ablation Planning, Version 1.0.43 (not for clinical use), Network Connected, Power Plugged in, September 04, 2014, 8:56 PM

# A 0



## Planning

plan trajectory

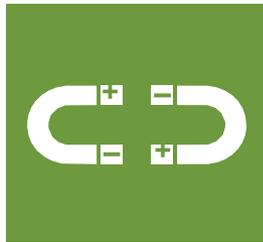
## Simulation

simulate ablation volume

## Correct Ablation

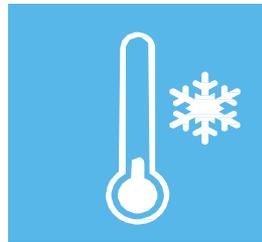
precise predictable

# Thermosphere technology



FIELD  
CONTROL

+



THERMAL  
CONTROL

+



WAVELENGTH  
CONTROL

=

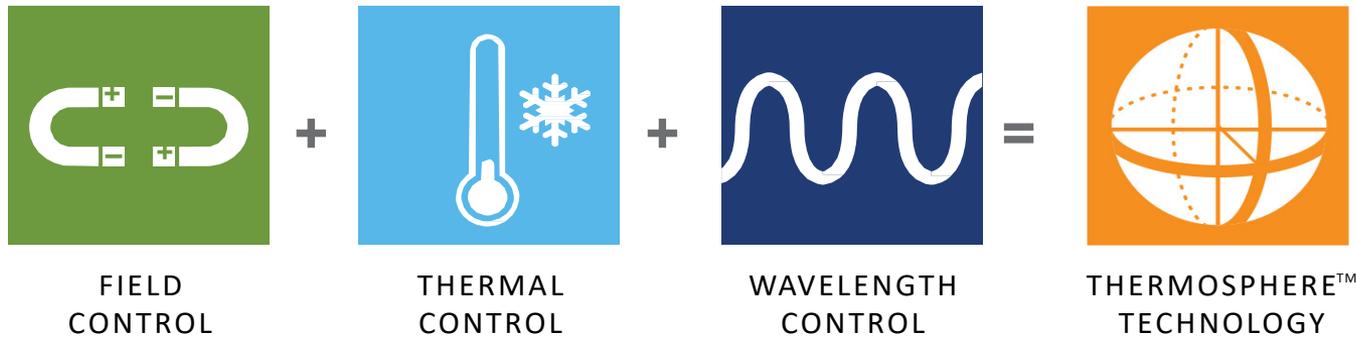


THERMOSPHERE™  
TECHNOLOGY

# Thermosphere technology

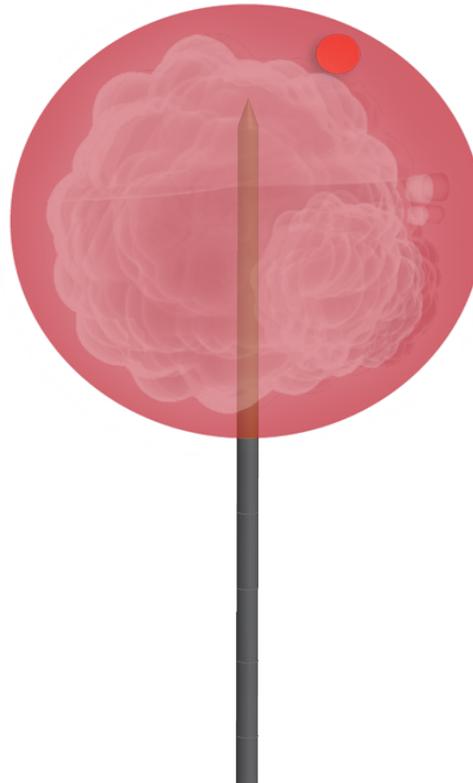


- predictability
- spherical shape

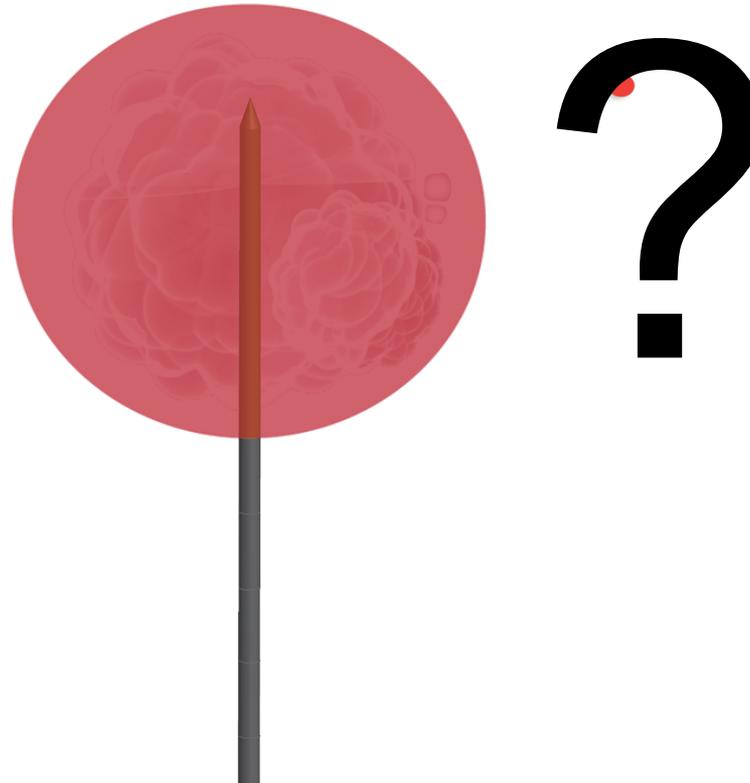


- predictability ?
- spherical shape ?

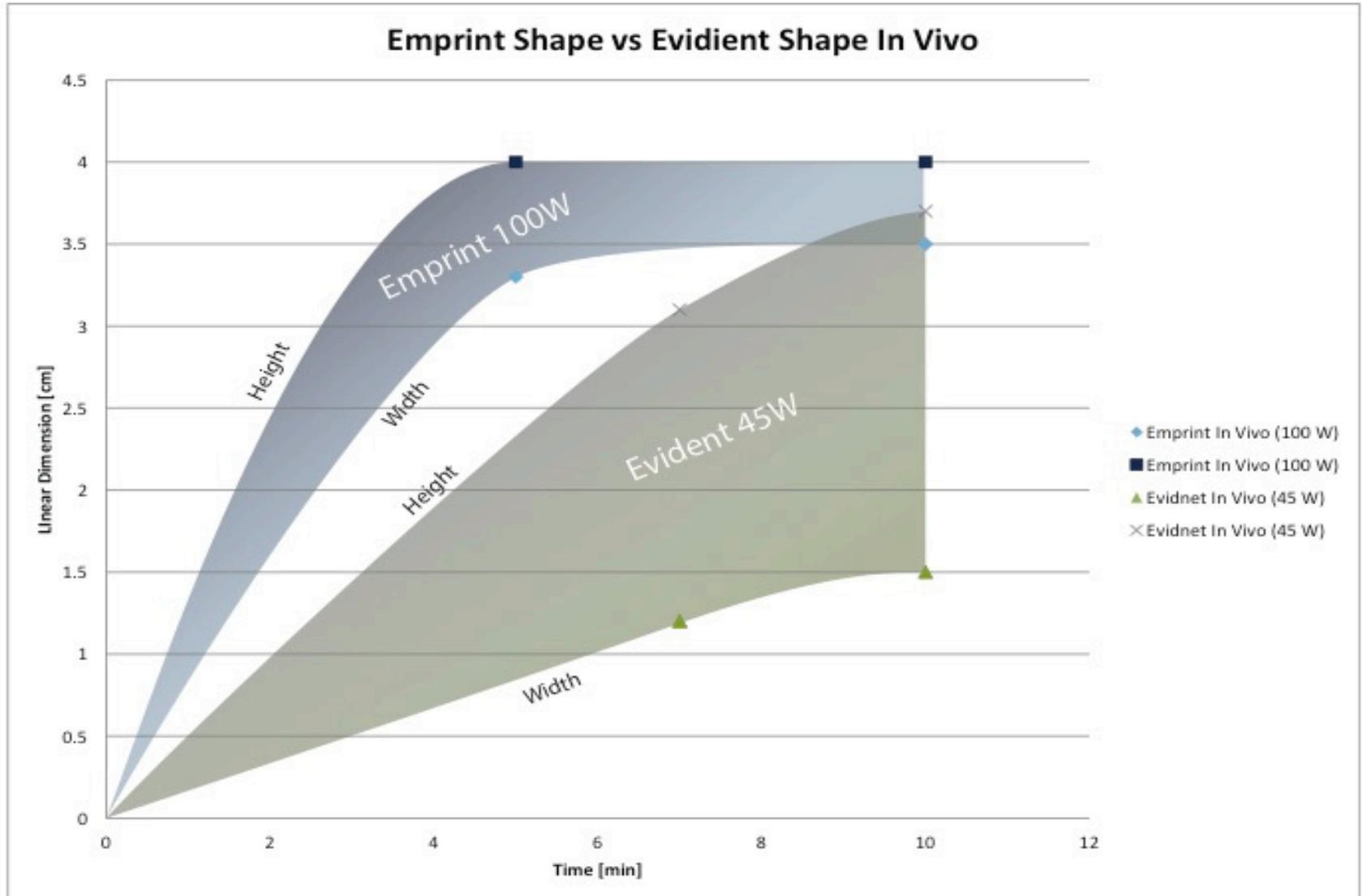
# spherical shape



# spherical shape

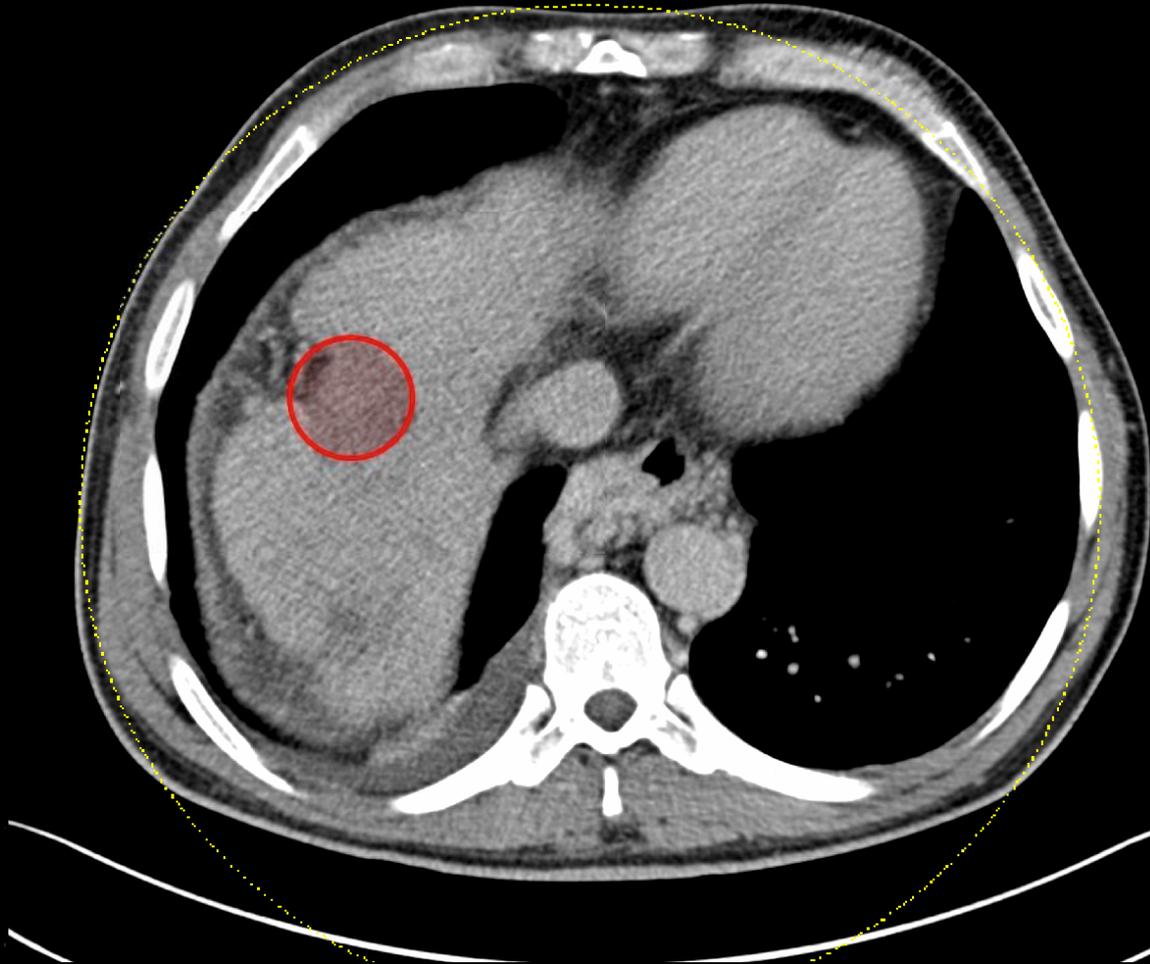


# near spherical shape

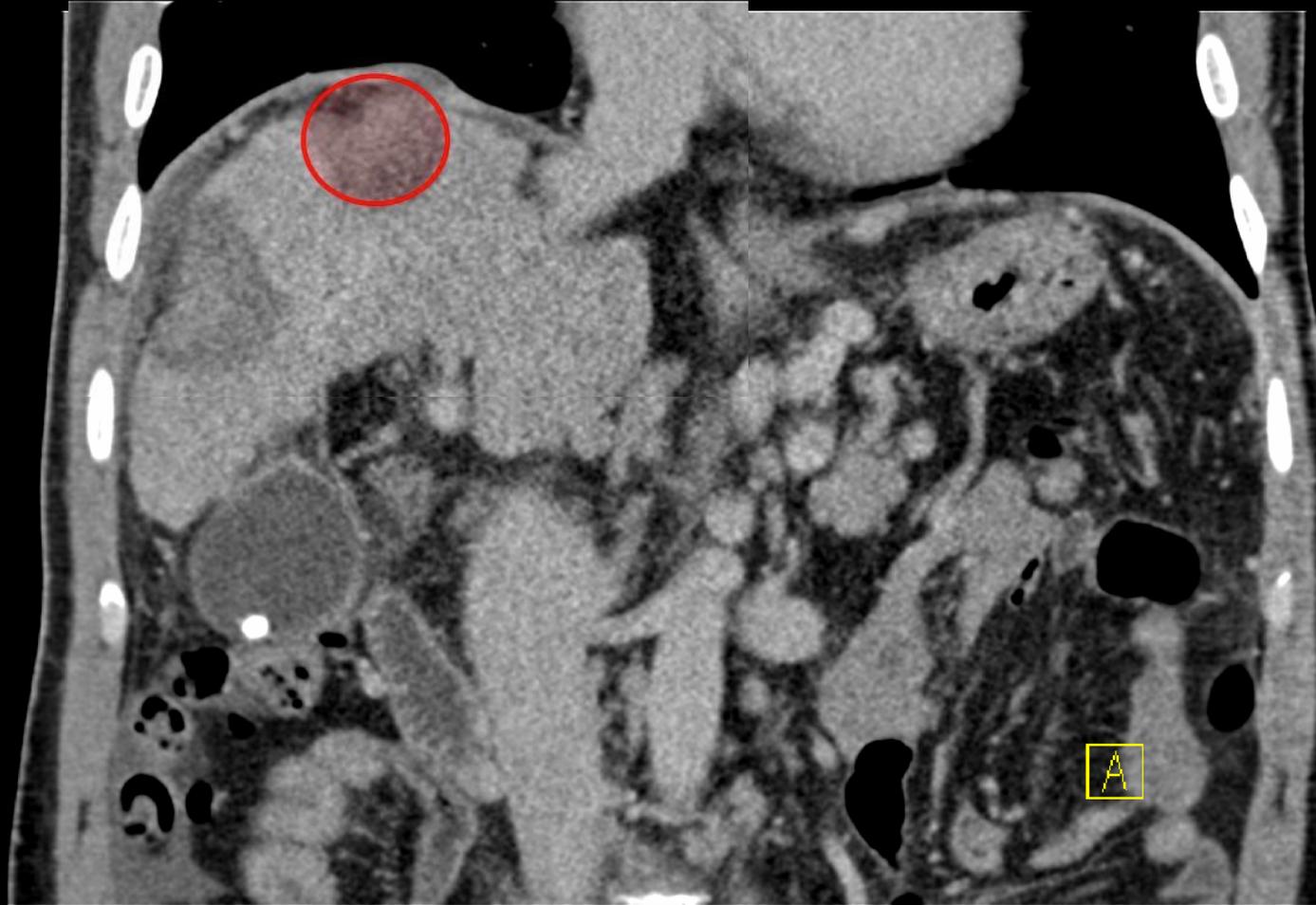


Case 1

# HCC Seg VIII

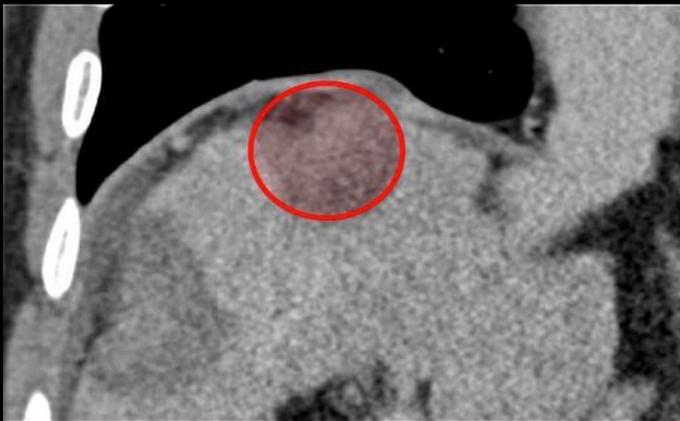


Case 1



Case 1

# HCC Seg VIII



Coronal



Axial

near spherical shape

## Case 2

- local recurrence CCC
- risky location

# CCC Seg VI



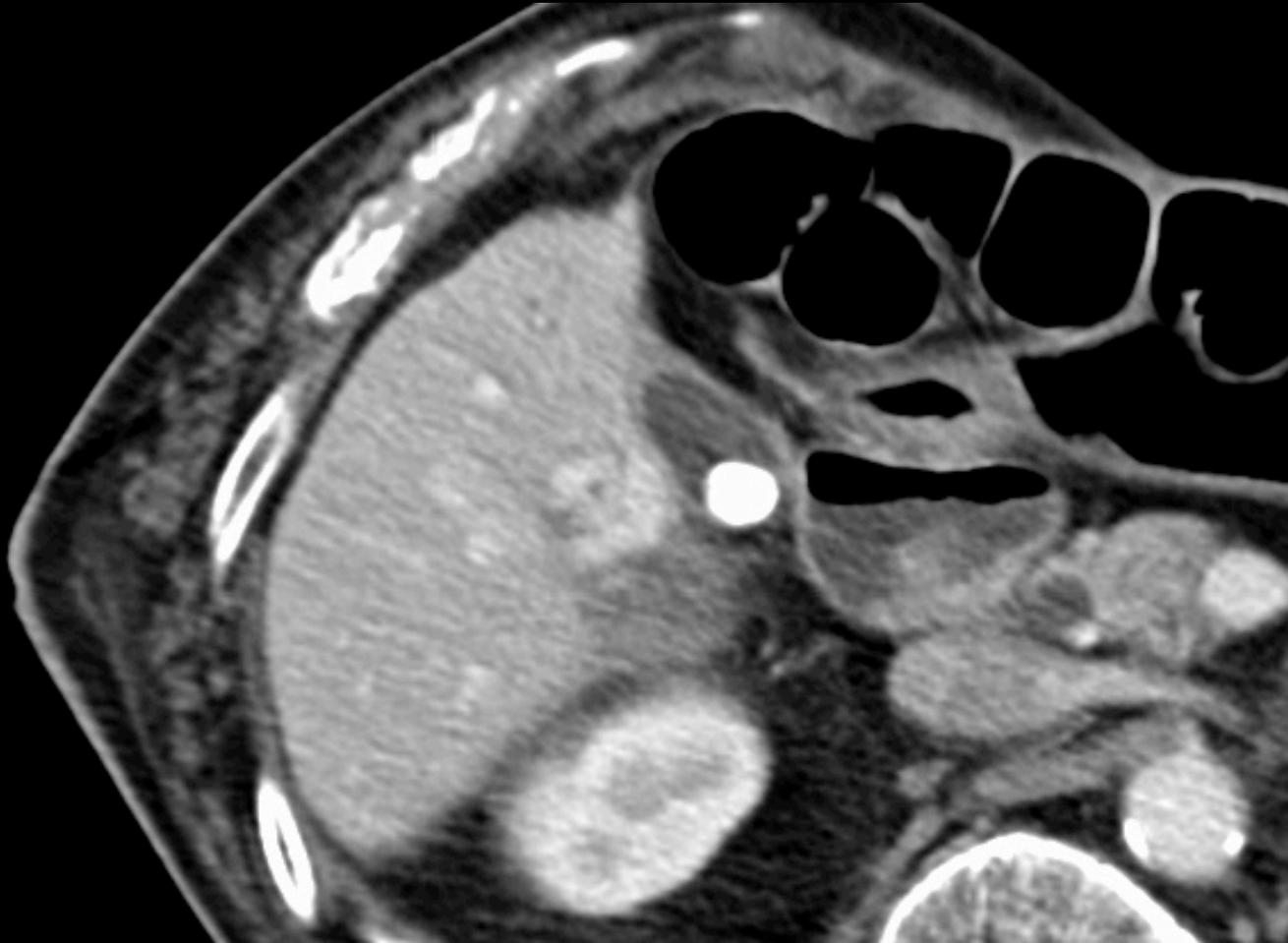
## Case 2

predictability and control of ablation

→ risk of thermal damage to the GB

## Case 2

## CCC Seg VI



## Case 2

## CCC Seg VI



## Case 2

## CCC Seg VI



## Case 2

## CCC Seg VI



predictable

## Case 2

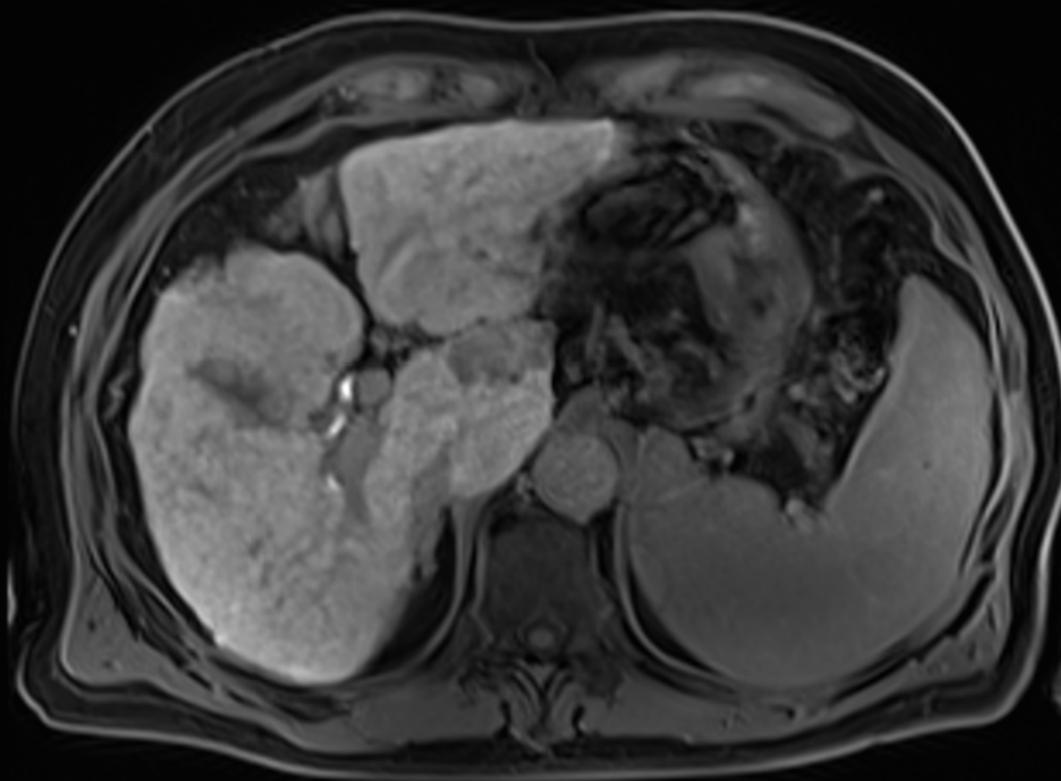
## CCC Seg VI



predictable

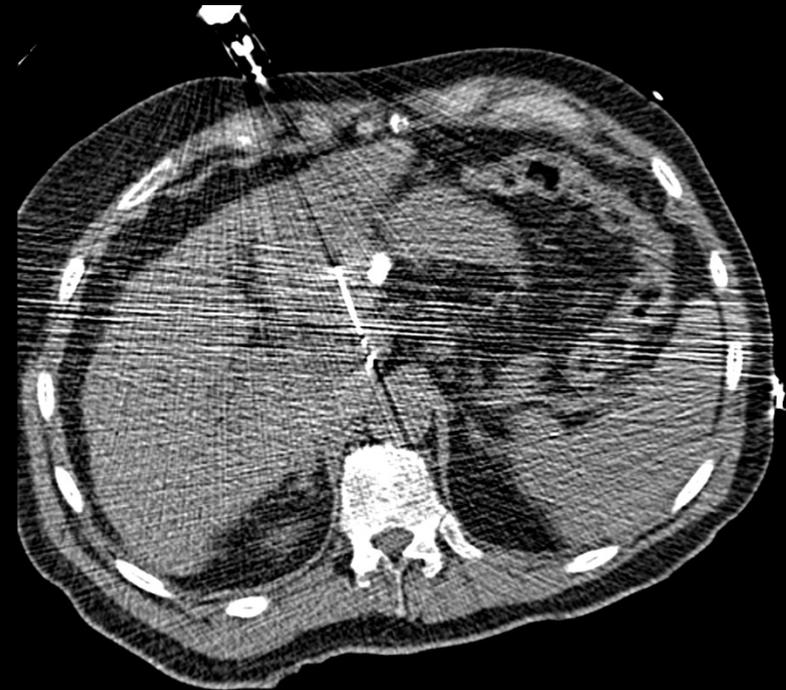
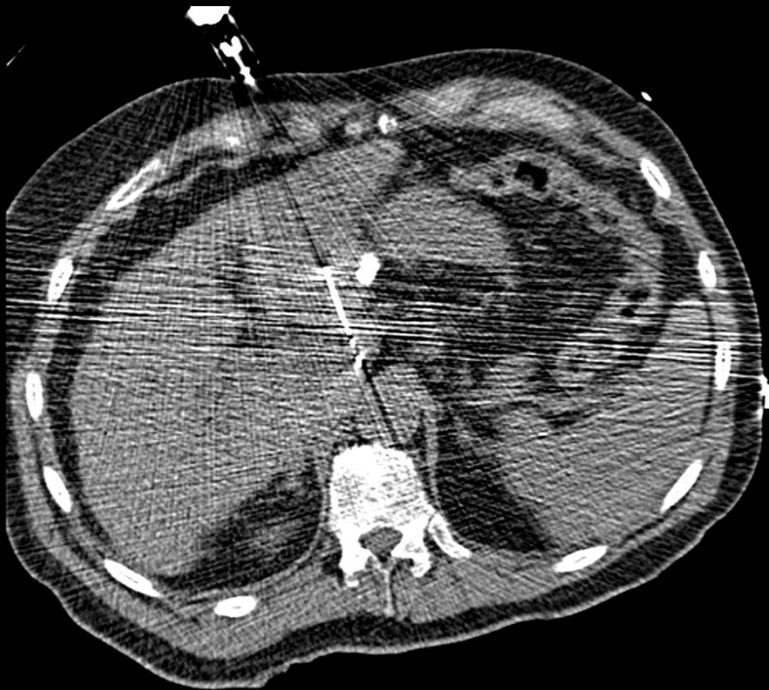
## Case 3

## HCC Seg I



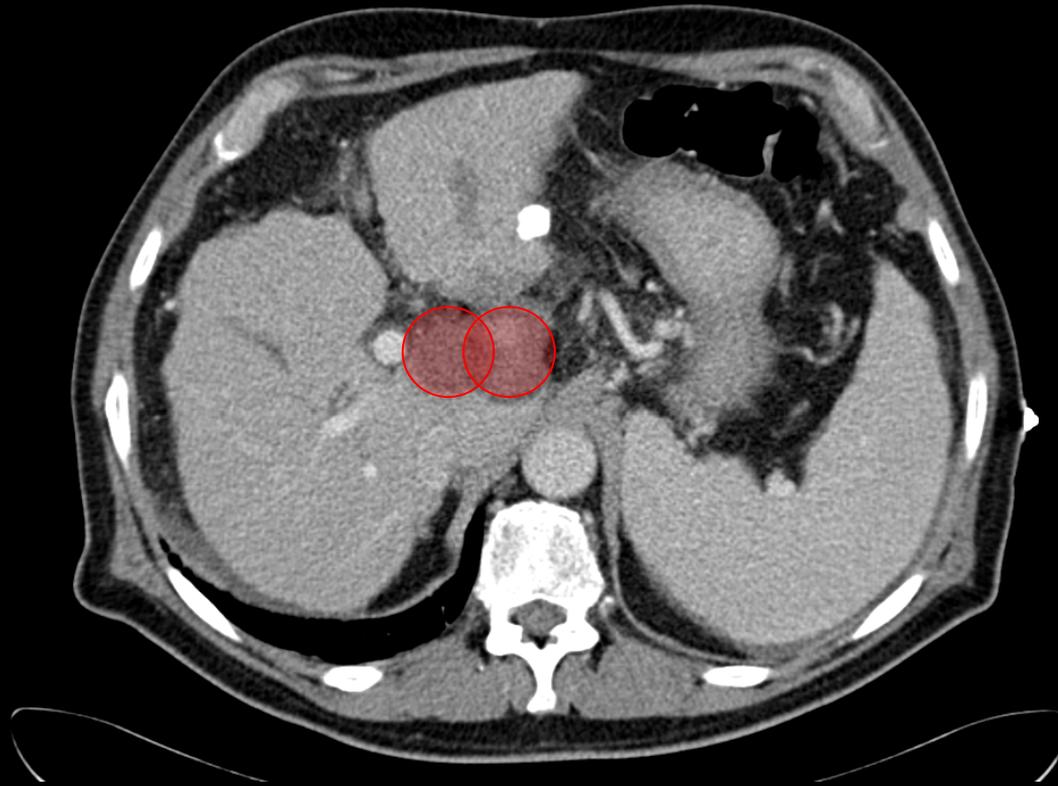
## Case 3

## HCC Seg I



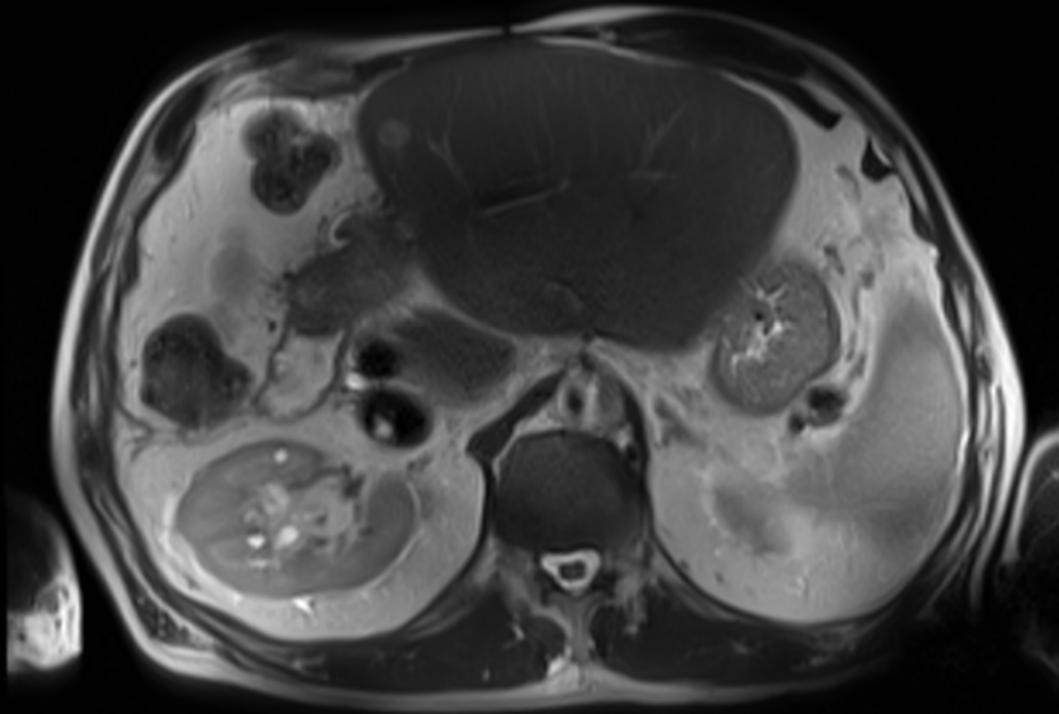
## Case 3

## HCC Seg I



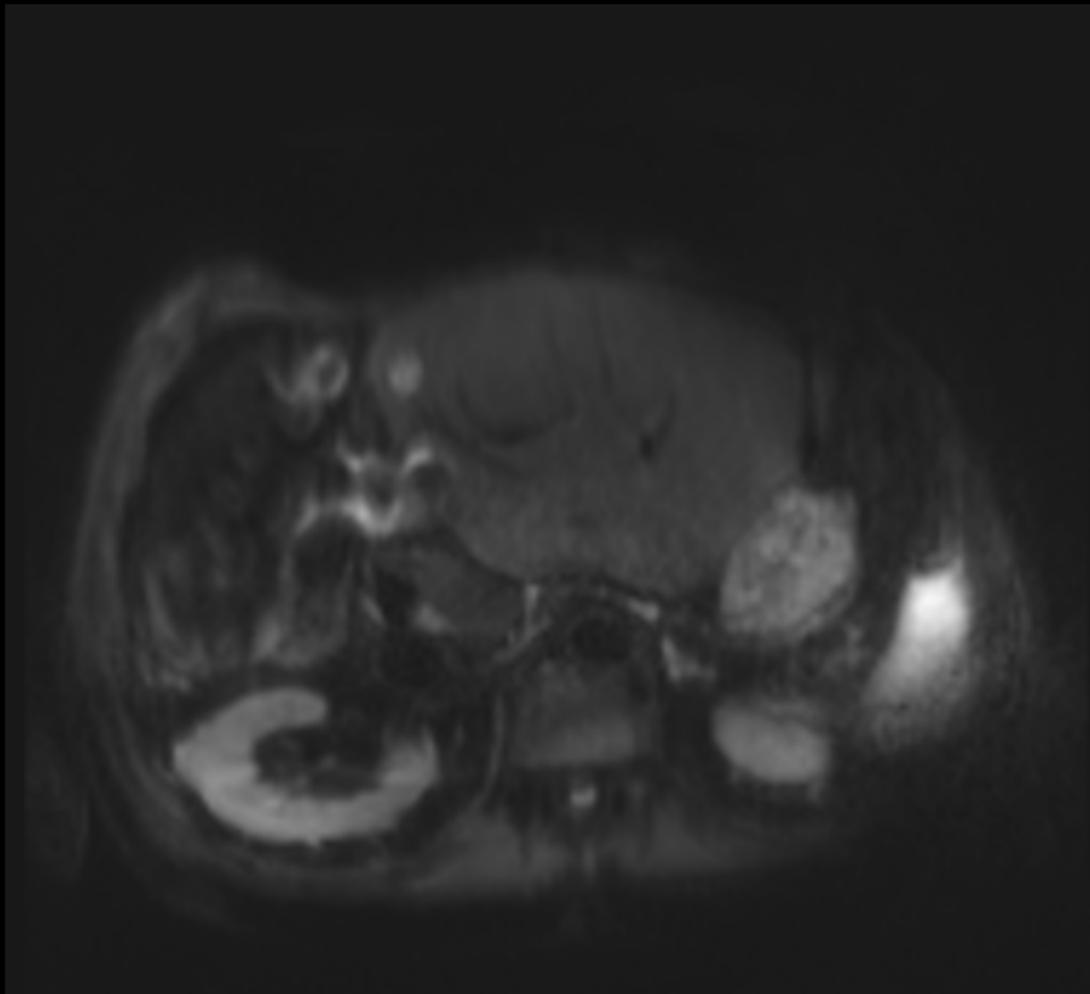
## Case 4

# HCC Seg IVb s/p right hemihepatectomy



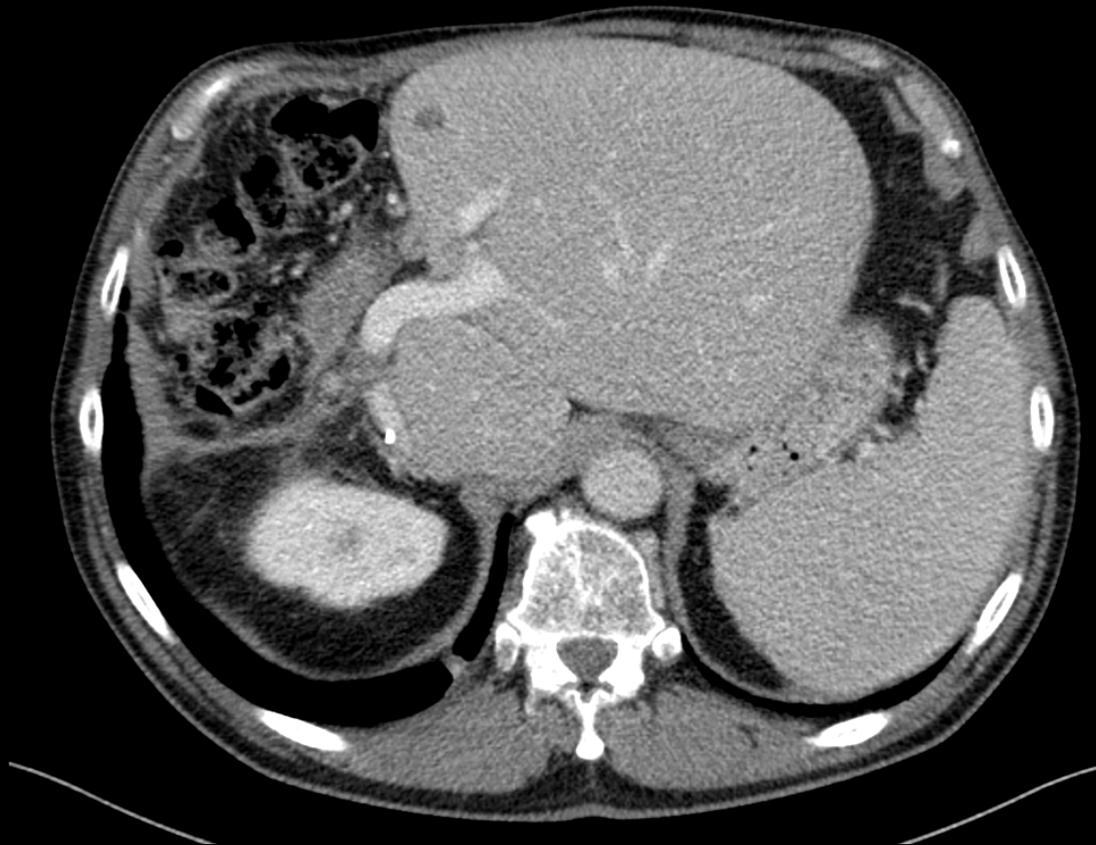
## Case 4

# HCC Seg IVb s/p right hemihepatectomy



## Case 4

# HCC Seg IVb s/p right hemihepatectomy



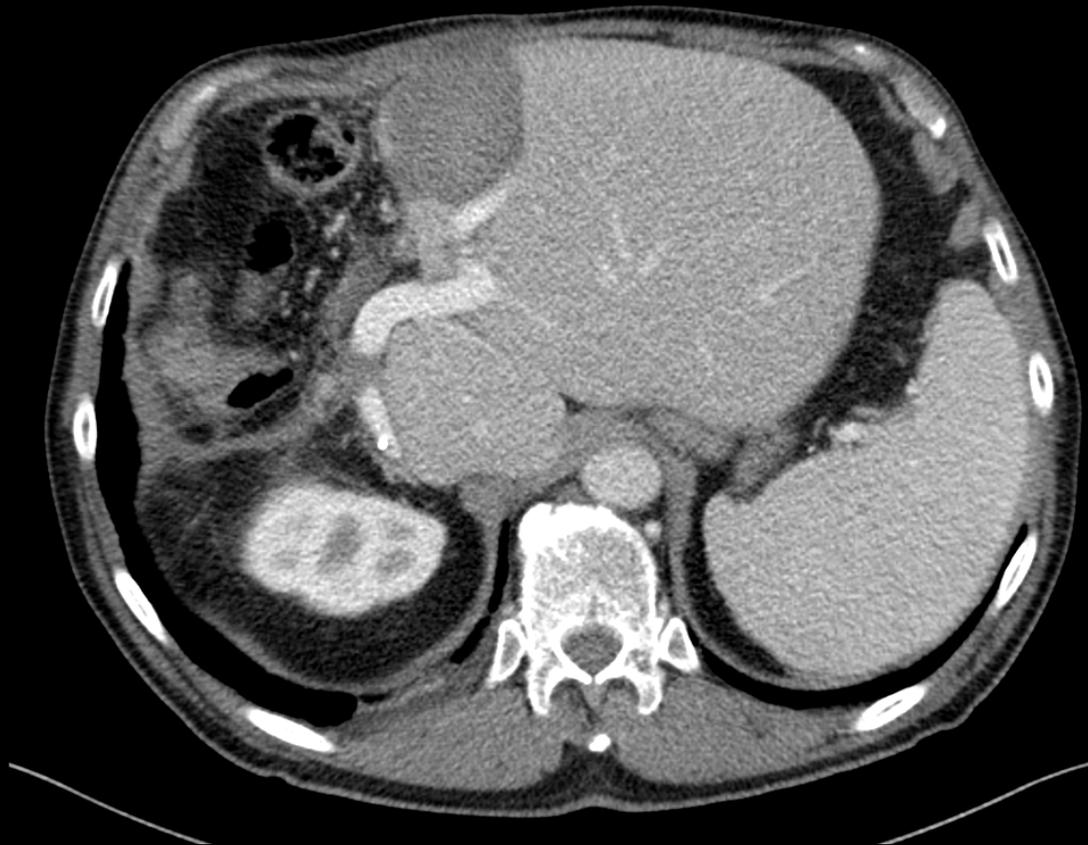
## Case 4

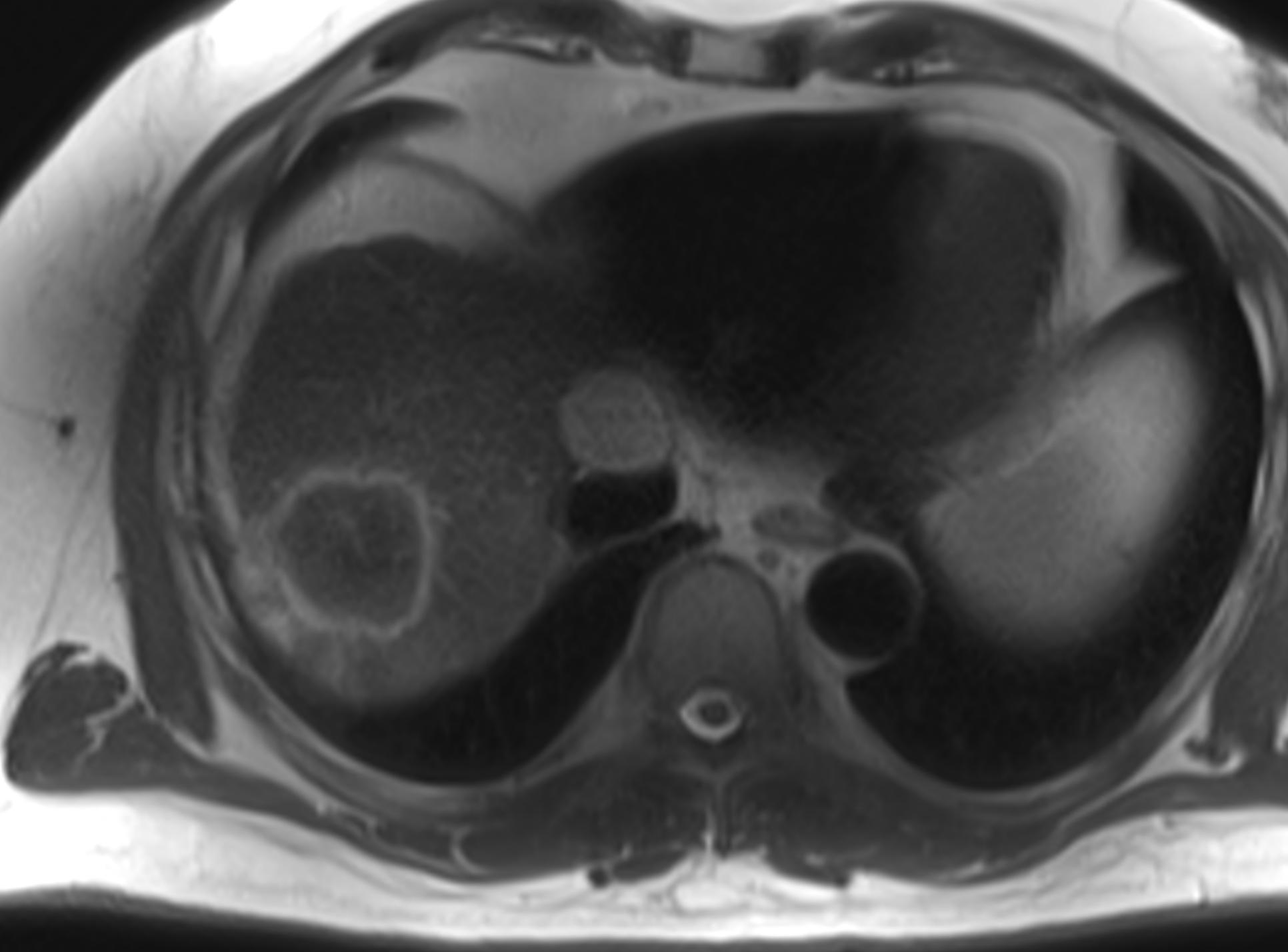
# HCC Seg IVb s/p right hemihepatectomy

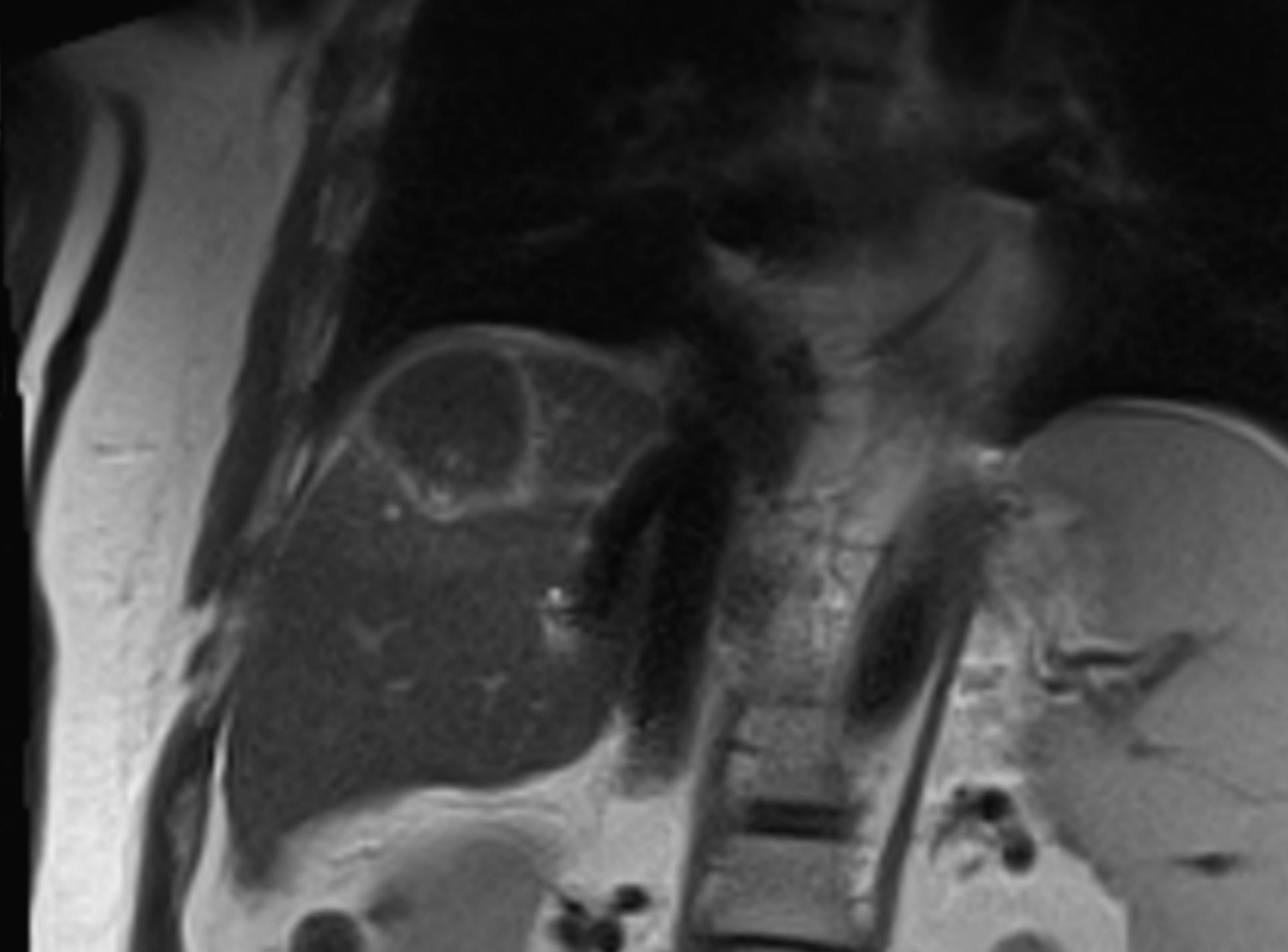


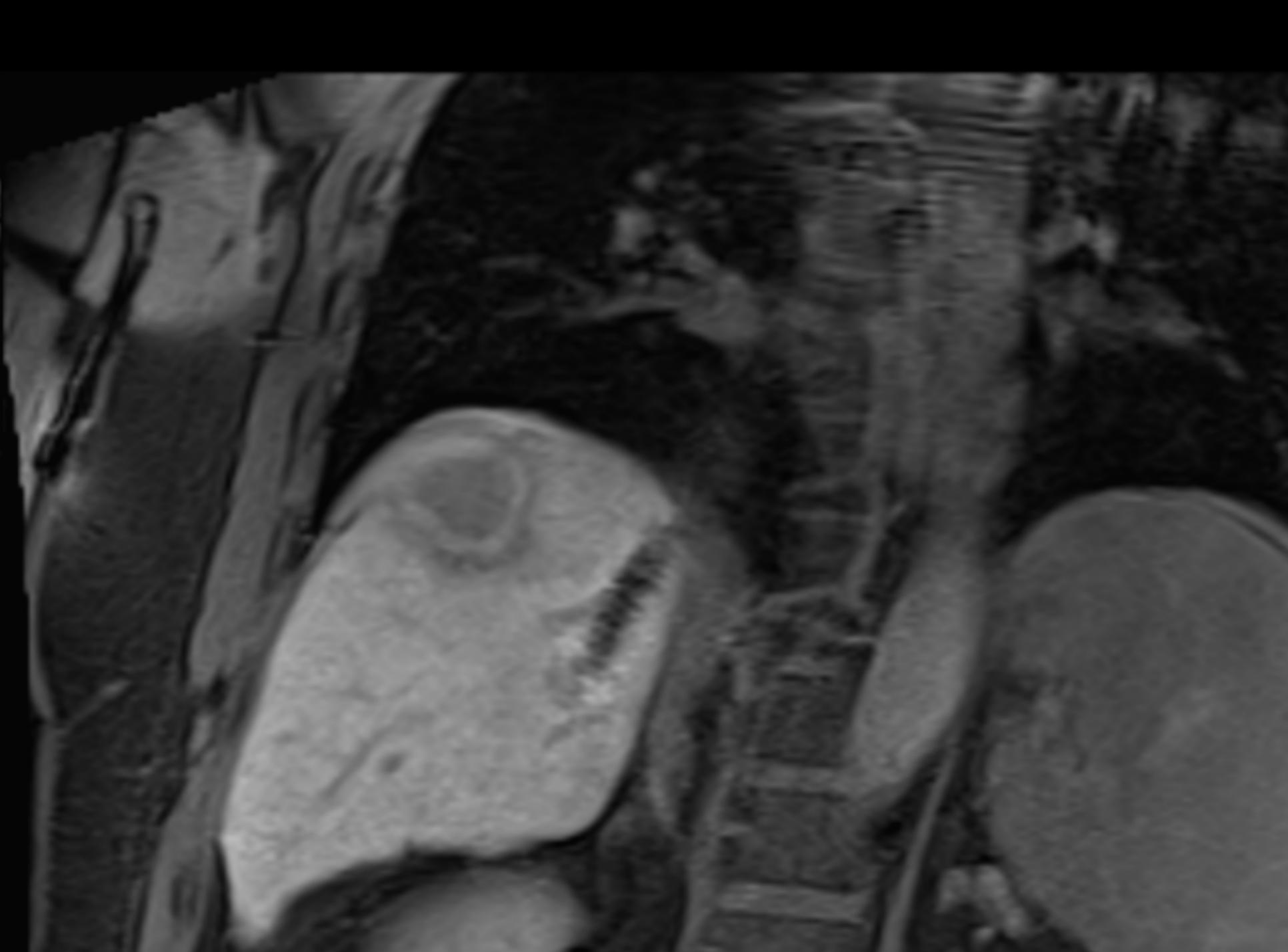
## Case 4

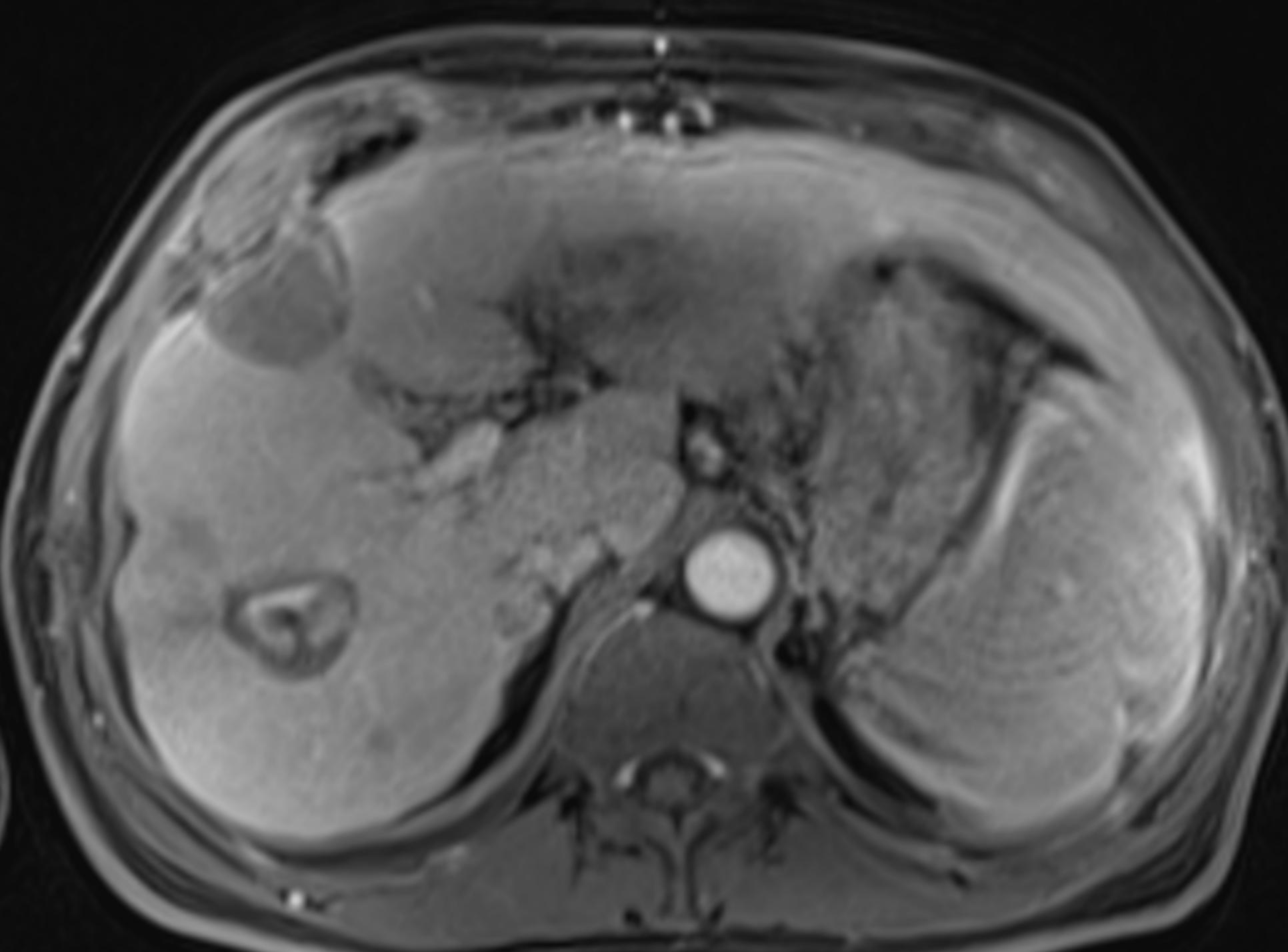
# HCC Seg IVb s/p right hemihepatectomy

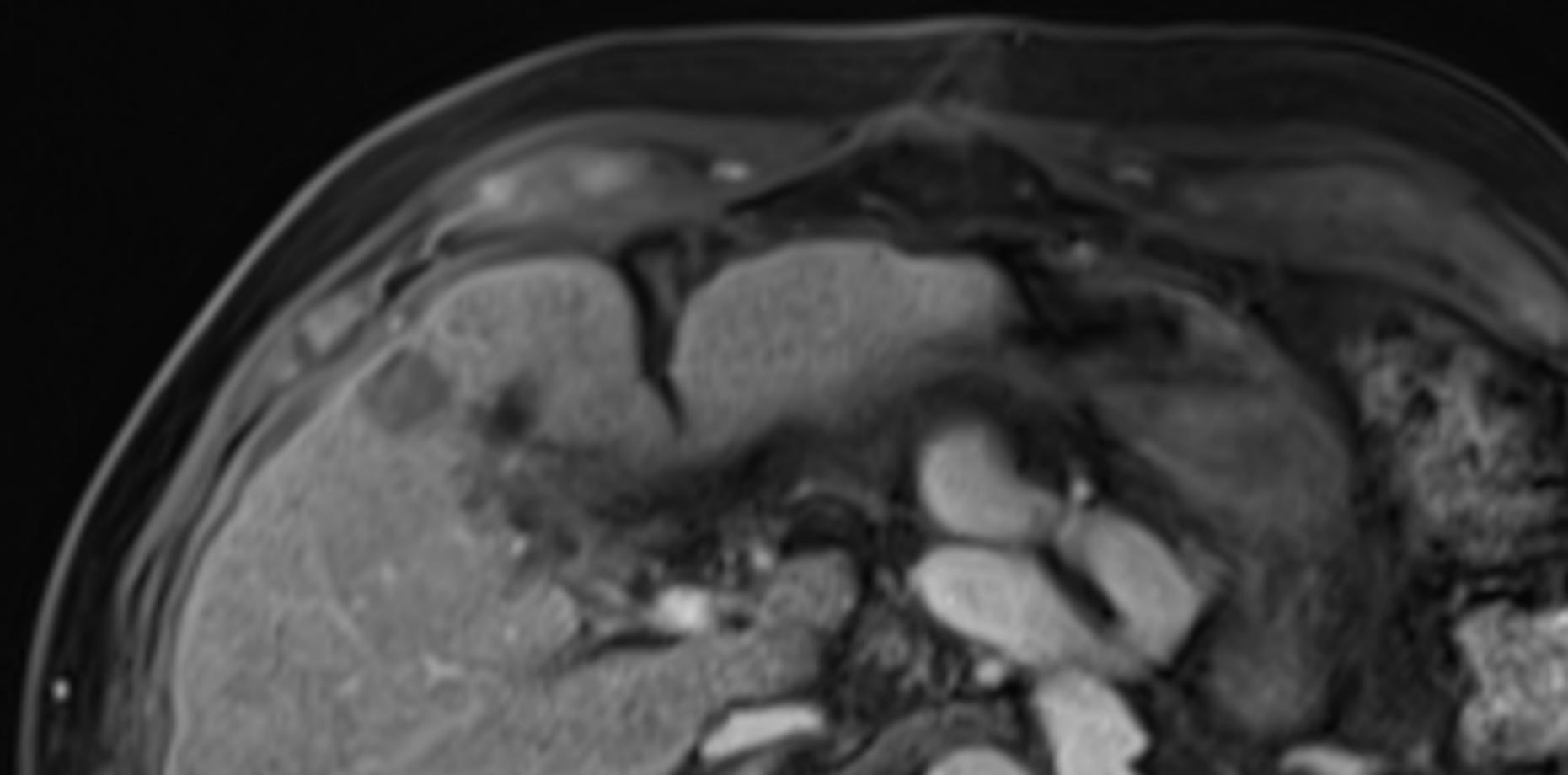


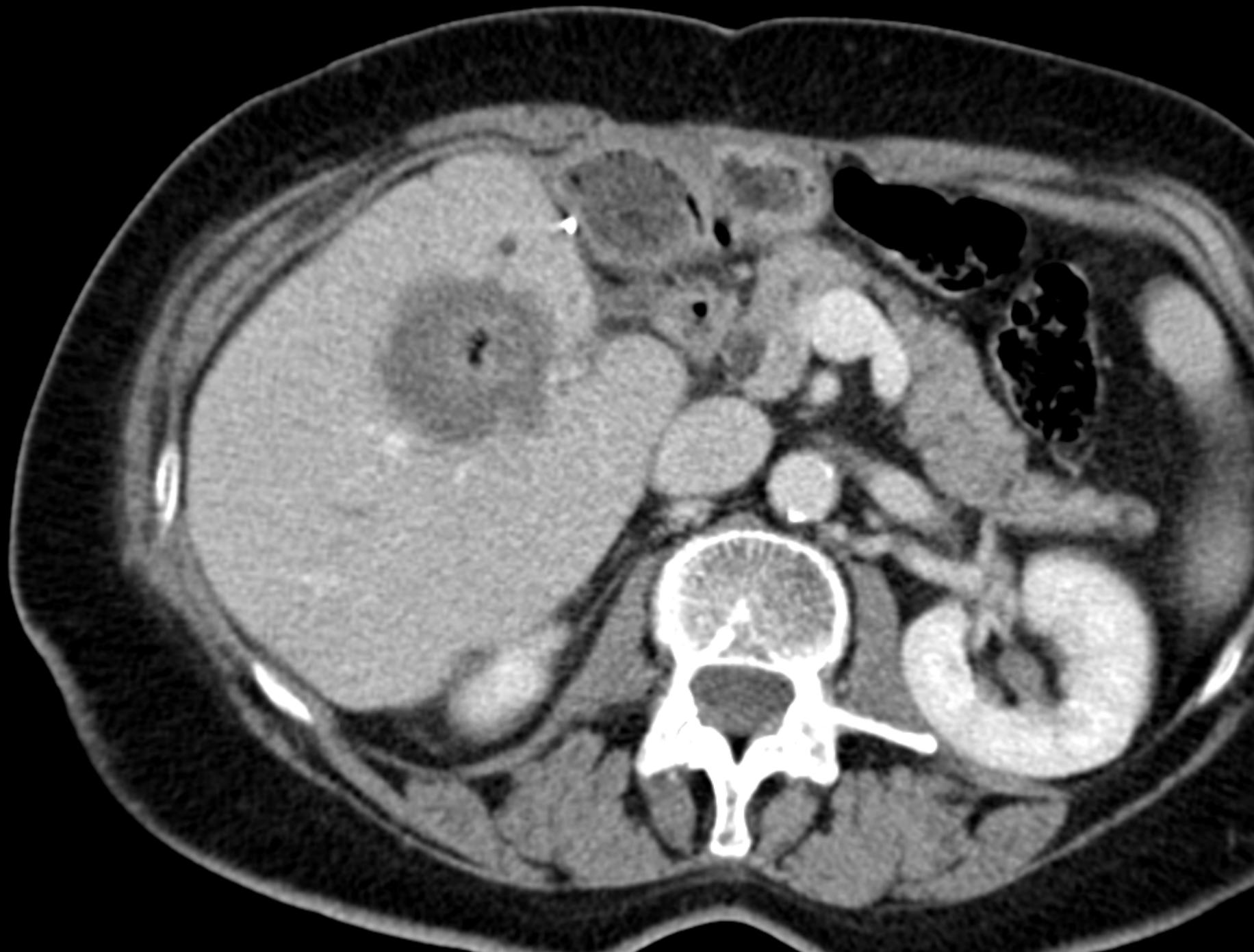










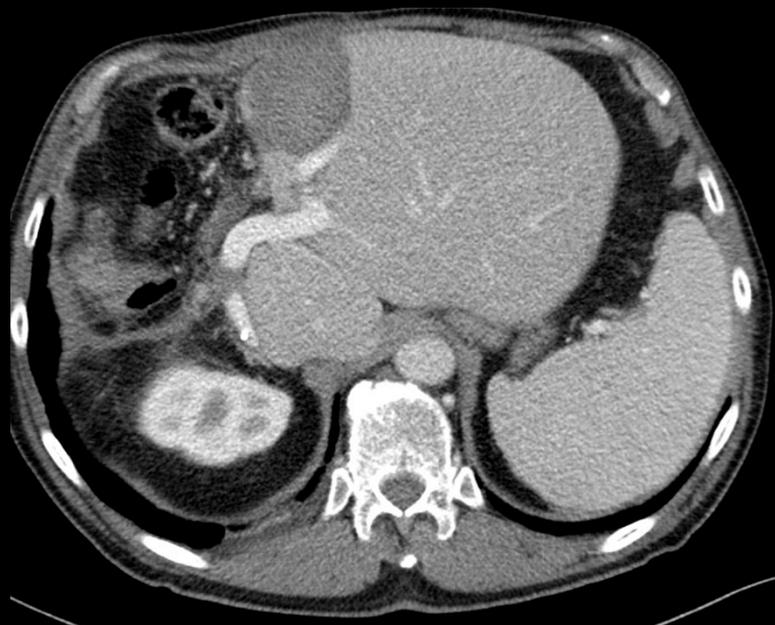




# Conclusion



spherical shape



predictable

Thank you for your attention



[Philipp.Wiggemann@ukr.de](mailto:Philipp.Wiggemann@ukr.de)